

Part I: For these short-answer questions, you do not need to show any work. Place your final answer in the space provided. Each answer is worth one point.

1. Evaluate.
(a) $-4(-8)=32$
(b) $-(-3)^{4}=-(81)=-81$
2. Evaluate. If appropriate, leave your answer in simplified fraction form.
(a) $-\frac{5}{6}-\left(-\frac{1}{6}\right)=-\frac{5}{6}+\frac{1}{6}=\frac{-4}{6}=-2 / 3$
(b) $\frac{\frac{7}{4}}{-14}=\frac{7}{4} \cdot\left(-\frac{1}{14}\right)=-\frac{1}{8}$
3. For the following graph, write the corresponding inequality.


Part II: For these questions, show your work and write your final answer in the space provided.
4. Simplify using the order of operations. If appropriate, leave your answer as a simplified fraction. Show your steps.
(a) $-2^{2}-3 \times(-4)+12 \div 3 \times 2=-4-(-12)+4 \times 2=-4+12+8=16$
(b) $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{3}-3 \div(-8)=\frac{1}{8}-\frac{3}{-8}=\frac{1}{8}+\frac{3}{8}=\frac{4}{8}=\frac{1}{2}$
5. Remove brackets and combine like terms.
$5 x(2 x-y)-2\left(y-3 x^{2}\right)=10 x^{2}-5 x y-2 y+6 x^{2}=16 x^{2}-5 x y-2 y$
6. Evaluate the following for $a=2$ and $b=-3$.
$a^{3}-b=2^{3}-(-3)=8+3=11$
7. Solve the following equations.
(a) $0.2(x-3)+1=0.3(2 x+4) \quad \Rightarrow$
$0.2 x-0.6+1=0.6 x+1.2$
(b) $9 x-7-8 x=3+x-10$

$$
x-7=x-7
$$

$$
0=0
$$

all real numbers

$$
\begin{aligned}
0.2 x+0.4 & =0.6 x+1.2 \\
-0.2 x-1.2 & =-0.2 x+-1.2 \\
\frac{-0.8}{0.4} & =\frac{0.4}{0.4} x \\
-2 & =x \\
x & =-2
\end{aligned}
$$

(c) $\frac{x+2}{8}-\frac{1}{2}=\frac{x}{6}$
8. Solve for $y$.

$$
3(x+2)-12=4 x
$$

see below
$S=x^{2}+2 x y$
$\Rightarrow \quad 24\left(\frac{x+2}{8}-\frac{1}{2}\right)=\left(\frac{x}{6}\right) 24$

$$
3 x+6-12=4 x
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3 x-6= \\
& -3 x
\end{aligned} \begin{gathered}
4 x \\
-3 x
\end{gathered}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
-6 & =x \\
x & =-6
\end{aligned}
$$

10. Solve and graph the following.

$$
\begin{aligned}
1-x & >2 \quad \text { and } \quad x \leq 3 \\
-1 & -1 \\
-x & >1 \\
x & <-1 \quad \text { and } x \leq 3
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
x<-1
$$

$$
\begin{array}{ll} 
& -3
\end{array}
$$


want the regions shaded in both

8

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 5=x^{2}+2 x y \\
&-x^{2}-x^{2} \\
& \frac{5-x^{2}}{2 x}=\frac{2 x y}{2 x} \\
& \frac{S-x^{2}}{2 x}=y
\end{aligned}
$$



