

Section 2.6: More COL

Tuesday, September 26, 2023 3:42 PM

De Morgan's Laws:

$$\overline{AB} = \bar{A} + \bar{B}$$

$$\overline{A+B} = \bar{A} \bar{B}$$

examples: use De Morgan's to rewrite:

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \overline{B+C} = \bar{B} \bar{C}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \overline{B+C} = \bar{B} \bar{C}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \overline{B+\bar{C}} = BC$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \overline{\text{☺} + \text{☹}} = \overline{\text{☺}} \overline{\text{☹}}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \overline{A\bar{C}} = \bar{A} + C$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad \bar{A}C = \overline{A+\bar{C}}$$

when would you see this in code?

if $(x == 5 \text{ or } y == 2)$ then do \textcircled{A}
else do \textcircled{B} ↵

under what conditions
does action B occur?

⇒ when $(x == 5 \text{ or } y == 2)$ is FALSE

in other words, when $x \neq 5$ AND $y \neq 2$

in other words, when $x \neq 5$ AND $y \neq 2$

Distributive:

$$A(B+C) = AB + AC$$

$$A+BC = (A+B)(A+C)$$

example: rewrite the following using the distributive law

$$(1) \quad \bar{c}(A+c) = \bar{c}A + \bar{c}c$$

$$(2) \quad (A+B)(A+\bar{B}) = A + B\bar{B}$$

$$(3) \quad \bar{B} + \bar{A}\bar{C} = (\bar{B} + \bar{A})(\bar{B} + \bar{C})$$

$$(4) \quad \overline{AB}(B+\bar{C}) = \overline{AB}B + \overline{AB}\bar{C}$$

$$(5) \quad A\bar{C} + \bar{A}\bar{C} = \bar{C}(A+\bar{A})$$

Absorption:

$$A(A+B) = A$$

$$A(\bar{A}+B) = AB$$

$$A+AB = A$$

$$A+\bar{A}B = A+B$$

examples: use absorption laws to rewrite the following:

$$(1) \quad \bar{B} + \bar{B}\bar{C} = \bar{B}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \overline{B} + \overline{B} \overline{C} = \overline{B}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \overline{C} (C + A) = \overline{C} A$$

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$$\textcircled{3} \quad \overline{C} (\overline{C} + A) = \overline{C}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad AB + ABC = AB$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \overline{AB} + ABC = \overline{AB} + C$$

$$A + \overline{A} B = A + B$$

Simplify the following using the Laws of Logic (LOL)

- only one law of logic per line
- state the name of law you are using.

$$(\sim p \vee \sim q) \wedge (p \vee \sim q)$$

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (p \vee r) \Leftrightarrow p \vee (q \wedge r)$$

$$\sim q \vee (\sim p \wedge p)$$

distrib

$$\sim q \vee 0$$

complement

$$\sim q$$

identity

simplify using the LOL

$$AB (\overline{A} + \overline{B})$$

method #1:

$$A B \bar{A} + A B \bar{B}$$

distributive

$$B \cdot 0 + A \cdot 0$$

complement

$$0 + 0$$

identity

$$0$$

{ idempotent
identity
definition of "or"

$$A B (\bar{A} + \bar{B})$$

method #2

$$A B \overline{A B}$$

DeMorgan's

$$0$$

complement

$$A B (\bar{A} + \bar{B})$$

method #3

$$A B \bar{A}$$

absorption

$$B \cdot 0$$

complement

$$0$$

identity

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prove:

$$\overline{B \cdot 0} = \bar{A} + \overline{A B}$$

$$\bar{0} = \bar{A} + \overline{A B}$$

identity

$$1 = \bar{A} + \overline{A B}$$

definition of "not"

$$= \bar{A} + A + B$$

DeMorgan's

$$= 1 + B$$

complement

$$= 1$$

identity

QED

simplify:

$$\bar{B}(\bar{A} + B) + \bar{A}(\bar{A} + B)$$

method #1

$$\bar{B}\bar{A} + \bar{A}$$

absorption

$$\bar{A}$$

"

$$\bar{B}(\bar{A} + B) + \bar{A}(\bar{A} + B)$$

method #2:

$$\bar{B}\bar{A} + \bar{B}B + \bar{A}\bar{A} + \bar{A}B$$

distrib

$$\bar{B}\bar{A} + 0 + \bar{A}\bar{A} + \bar{A}B$$

complement

$$\bar{B}\bar{A} + \bar{A}\bar{A} + \bar{A}B$$

identity

$$\bar{B}\bar{A} + \bar{A} + \bar{A}B$$

idempotent



$$\bar{A} + \bar{A}(\bar{B} + B)$$

distrib

$$\bar{B}\bar{A} + \bar{A}$$

absorption

$$\bar{A} + \bar{A} \cdot 1$$

complement

$$\bar{A}$$

"

$$\bar{A} + \bar{A}$$

identity

$$\bar{A}$$

idempotent

method #3

$$\overline{B} (\overline{A} + B) + \overline{A} (\overline{A} + B)$$

$$(\overline{A} + B)(\overline{B} + \overline{A})$$

distrib

$$\overline{A} + B\overline{B}$$

"

$$\overline{A} + 0$$

complement

$$\overline{A}$$

identity

prove

$$A + \overline{A+B} = A + \overline{B}C + \overline{B}\overline{C}$$

$$A + \overline{A+B} = A + \overline{B}(C + \overline{C}) \quad \text{distrib}$$

$$= A + \overline{B} \cdot 1 \quad \text{complement}$$

$$= A + \overline{B} \quad \text{identity}$$

$$A + \overline{A}\overline{B} = \quad \text{De Morgan's}$$

$$A + \overline{B} = \quad \text{absorption}$$