

Math 173 – Rules for Integral and Rational Exponents

Let a and b be real numbers and m and n be integers. Then the following rules for exponents apply.

$$a^{-n} = \frac{1}{a^n} = \left(\frac{1}{a}\right)^n$$

$$(a^m)^n = a^{mn}$$

$$\frac{1}{a^{-n}} = a^n$$

$$(ab)^n = a^n b^n$$

$$a^{-1} = \frac{1}{a}$$

$$\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^n = \frac{a^n}{b^n}$$

$$a^0 = 1$$

$$a^{1/n} = \sqrt[n]{a}$$

$$a^m a^n = a^{m+n}$$

$$a^{m/n} = (a^{1/n})^m = (a^m)^{1/n}$$

$$\frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n}$$

Exercises

Simplify.

1. $3^{15} \cdot 3^{-3}$

7. $2^{-2} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{-3}$

2. $-5a \cdot 6a^{-12}$

8. $\frac{(-2x^{-5}y)(-3xy^6)}{-6x^{-6}y^2}$

3. $-\frac{1}{2}w^{-4} \cdot (-6w^{-2})$

9. $(x^{-2})^3 (x^{-3})^{-2}$

4. $\frac{x^{-2}}{x^3}$

10. $(2x^{-1}y^2)^{-3}$

5. $\frac{2r^{-3}t^{-1}}{10r^5t^2t^{-3}}$

11. $\frac{(2a^{-2}b)^{-3}}{(2ab^{-1})^2} (2a^2b^{-7})$

6. $(1+2^{-1})^{-2}$

12. $(-8)^{-5/3}$

13. $\left(\frac{2^6}{3^9}\right)^{-1/3}$

14. $16^{3/2}$

15. $x^{1/2}x^{1/4}$

16. $125^{2/3}$

17. $\left(\frac{9}{16}\right)^{-1/2}$

18. $(5x^{-1/2})^{-2}$

Solutions

1. 3^{12}

2. $-\frac{30}{a^{11}}$ or $-30a^{-11}$

3. $\frac{3}{w^6}$ or $3w^{-6}$

4. x^{-5} or $\frac{1}{x^5}$

5. $\frac{1}{5r^8}$ or $\frac{r^{-8}}{5}$

6. $\frac{4}{9}$

7. 16

8. $-x^2y^5$

9. 1

10. $\frac{x^3}{8y^6}$

11. $\frac{a^6}{16b^8}$

12. $-\frac{1}{32}$

13. $\frac{27}{4}$

14. 64

15. $x^{3/4}$

16. 25

17. $\frac{4}{3}$

18. $\frac{x}{25}$