

Section 3.3: Analyzing Graphs of Quadratic Functions

Friday, January 23, 2015
12:32 PM

Assign 2 due on:

Tues, Feb 3

Quiz 2 on: Thurs, Feb 5

consider the parabola in the form:

$$f(x) = a(x-h)^2 + k$$

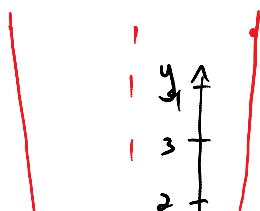
it is just the graph of $y = x^2$ but

- ① shifted up by k units
- ② shifted right by h units
- ③ stretched by a factor of $|a|$

(if $|a| < 1$, then parabola is shallower, and if $|a| > 1$, steeper)

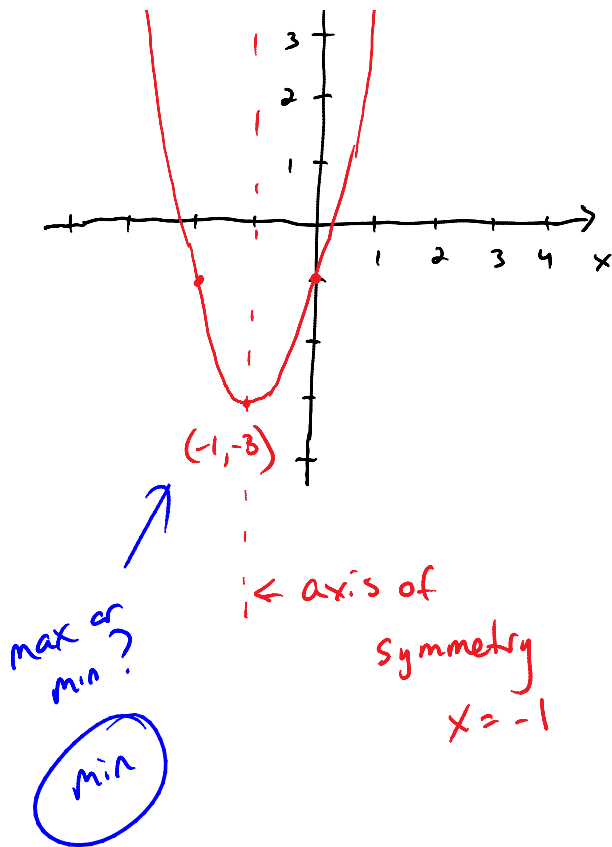
- ④ if $a < 0$ (a is negative), then also opens downwards (flipped over the x -axis)

example: sketch



$$f(x) = 2(x+1)^2 - 3$$
$$f(x) = a(x-h)^2 + k$$

vertex:



vertex:
 $(h, k) = (-1, -3)$

flipped over x? no

$$f(0) = -1$$

$$f(1) = 5$$

domain: \mathbb{R}

range: $[-3, \infty)$
 or $\{\text{☺} \mid \text{☺} \geq -3\}$

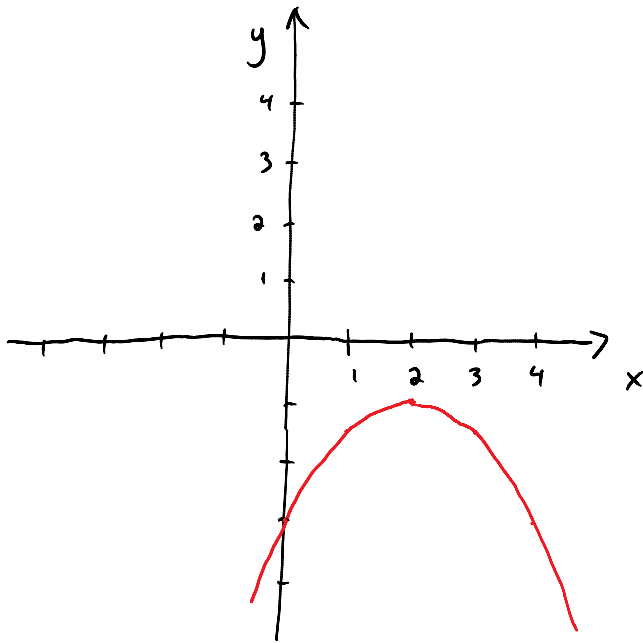
note on set-builder notation

$\mathbb{Q} \equiv$ set of rational numbers

$$\equiv \left\{ \frac{a}{b} \mid a \text{ and } b \text{ are integers and } b \neq 0 \right\}$$

straight lines: $\{(x, y) \mid x + 3y = 7\}$

example: sketch $f(x) = a(x-h)^2 + k$
 $f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}(x-2)^2 - 1$
 and state the vertex, the axis of symmetry, whether the vertex is a maximum or minimum, and also give the range.



vertex:

$$(h, k) = (2, -1)$$

axis of symmetry:
 $x = 2$

vertex: max

range: $\{y \mid y \leq -1\}$
 $(-\infty, -1]$

find the coordinates of the vertex for the parabola:

$$f(x) = x^2 + 6x + 2$$

$$= (x^2 + 6x + \underline{9}) + 2 - \underline{9}$$

↑
divide by two and square to get what goes in the first blank

$$= (x + 3)^2 - 7$$

vertex: $(-3, -7)$

$$f(x) = x^2 - 7x - 11$$

$$= (x^2 - 7x + \underline{\frac{49}{4}}) - 11 - \underline{\frac{49}{4}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & a(-\frac{7}{2})^2 \\
 = & (x - \frac{7}{2})^2 - \frac{49}{4} - \frac{49}{4} \\
 = & (x - \frac{7}{2})^2 - \frac{98}{4} \\
 = & a(x-h)^2 + k
 \end{aligned}$$

vertex: $(\frac{7}{2}, -\frac{98}{4})$

$$f(x) = -3x^2 + 12x - 13$$

$$= -3(x^2 - 4x + \underline{4}) - 13 - \underline{(-3)(4)}$$

$$= -3(x-2)^2 - 13 + 12$$

$$= -3(x-2)^2 - 1$$

$$= a(x-h)^2 + k$$

vertex: $(2, -1)$

nifty trick:

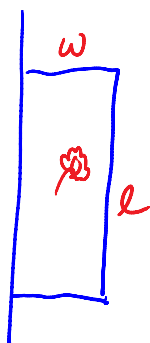
the x-coord of the vertex is at

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

then plug that x-value in to $f(x)$ to get the y-coord

rectangular

A fourth-grade class wants to fence in a \surd garden, using the wall of the school as one of the sides of the garden. There is 14m of fencing available. What is the **maximum** area the students can fence in?



$$P = l + 2w$$

$$14 = l + 2w$$

$$l = 14 - 2w$$

$$A = lw$$

$$A = (14 - 2w)w$$

$$A = 14w - 2w^2$$

↑
this is a parabola

