

Practice Questions #24-32

24. $2(26) = 52$ symbols

$$a) P(\text{ends } yz) = \frac{n(\text{ends } yz)}{n(S)} = \frac{52^6 \cdot 1 \cdot 1}{52^8} = \frac{1}{52^2} = \frac{1}{2704}$$

$$b) P(\text{doesn't start } b) = \frac{51 \cdot 52^7}{52^8} = \frac{51}{52}$$

$$\begin{aligned} c) P(\text{starts } C \text{ or ends } C) &= P(\text{starts } C) + P(\text{ends } C) - P(\text{starts and ends } C) \\ &= \frac{1 \cdot 52^7}{52^8} + \frac{52^7 \cdot 1}{52^8} - \frac{1 \cdot 52^6 \cdot 1}{52^8} \\ &= \frac{103}{2704} \end{aligned}$$

25. $X =$ earnings of Project A (\$)

x	$P(x)$
8000	0.65
3000	0.15
-5000	0.2

$$a) E(X) = \sum x P(x) = 8000(0.65) + 3000(0.15) + (-5000)(0.2) = \$4650$$

$$b) \quad \sigma^2 = E(X^2) - [E(X)]^2$$

$$E(X^2) = \sum x^2 P(x) = 8000^2(0.65) + 3000^2(0.15) + (-5000)^2(0.2) \\ = 47,950,000$$

$$\sigma^2 = 47,950,000 - 4650^2 \\ = 26,327,500$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{26,327,500} \approx \$5131$$

$$c) \quad \sigma_A = 5131 < 6200 = \sigma_B$$

so Project B's earnings are more uncertain

26. this is the set-up for the Poisson distribution with

X = number of calls in 2 minutes and

$$\lambda = \frac{1.8 \text{ calls}}{\text{minute}} = \frac{3.6 \text{ calls}}{2 \text{ minutes}}$$

$$P(X \geq 3) = 1 - P(X < 3)$$

$$= 1 - [P(X=0) + P(X=1) + P(X=2)]$$

$$= 1 - \frac{3.6^0 e^{-3.6}}{0!} - \frac{3.6^1 e^{-3.6}}{1!} - \frac{3.6^2 e^{-3.6}}{2!}$$

$$= 0.70$$

27. this is the set-up for the binomial distribution with

$X =$ number of correct answers

$$n = 3$$

$$p = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$q = 1 - p = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$P(X=0) = {}_3C_0 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^0 \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^3 = \frac{27}{64}$$

$$P(X=1) = {}_3C_1 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^1 \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{27}{64}$$

$$P(X=2) = {}_3C_2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2 \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^1 = \frac{9}{64}$$

$$P(X=3) = {}_3C_3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^3 \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^0 = \frac{1}{64}$$

x	$P(x)$
0	$\frac{27}{64}$
1	$\frac{27}{64}$
2	$\frac{9}{64}$
3	$\frac{1}{64}$

$$28. a) P(X=2.5) = 0$$

$$b) P(2.5 < X < 4.5) = \int_{2.5}^{4.5} f(x) dx$$

$$= \int_{2.5}^3 \frac{1}{20} x^2 dx + \int_3^{4.5} \frac{33}{2440} (x+x^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{60} x^3 \Big|_{2.5}^3 + \frac{33}{2440} \left(\frac{1}{2} x^2 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \right) \Big|_3^{4.5}$$

$$= \frac{1}{60} (3^3 - 2.5^3) + \frac{33}{2440} \left[\left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 4.5^2 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 4.5^3 \right) - \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 3^2 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 3^3 \right) \right]$$

$$\approx 0.55$$

$$c) P(X > 4.5) = \int_{4.5}^{\infty} f(x) dx$$

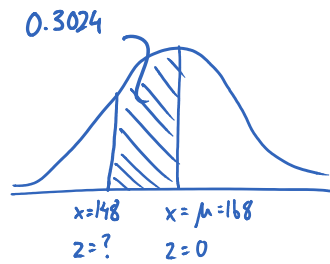
$$= \int_{4.5}^5 \frac{33}{2440} (x+x^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{33}{2440} \left(\frac{1}{2} x^2 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \right) \Big|_{4.5}^5$$

$$= \frac{33}{2440} \left[\left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 5^2 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 5^3 \right) - \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 4.5^2 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 4.5^3 \right) \right]$$

$$\approx 0.18$$

29. we want σ such that $P(148 < X < 168) = 0.3024$



reverse look-up:

$$\text{area} = 0.3024 \Rightarrow z = 0.85$$

$$\text{but } z < 0 \text{ so } z = -0.85$$

$$z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}$$

$$-0.85 = \frac{148 - 168}{\sigma}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{-20}{-0.85} = 23.5 \text{ lbs}$$

30. we want $P(\bar{x} < 68 \text{ or } \bar{x} > 73)$

$$\mu = 71 \quad \sigma = 6 \quad n = 35$$

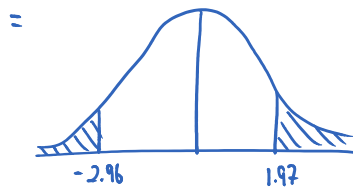
$$z = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\bar{x} = 68 \Rightarrow z = \frac{68 - 71}{6/\sqrt{35}} = -2.96$$

$$\bar{x} = 73 \Rightarrow z = \frac{73 - 71}{6/\sqrt{35}} = 1.97$$

$$P(\bar{x} < 68 \text{ or } \bar{x} > 73) = P(\bar{x} < 68) + P(\bar{x} > 73)$$

$$= P(z < -2.96) + P(z > 1.97)$$



$$= 1 - 0.4985 - 0.4756 = 0.0259$$

$$31. \quad n = 50 \quad \bar{x} = 30 \quad s = 20$$

$$\sigma \approx s$$

$$a) \quad C = 0.95 \Rightarrow z_{\alpha/2} = 1.960$$

$$\bar{x} \pm z_{\alpha/2} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} = 30 \pm 1.960 \left(\frac{20}{\sqrt{50}} \right) = 30 \pm 5.5$$

$$\text{so } 24.5 < \mu < 35.5 \text{ min}$$

$$b) \quad ME = z_{\alpha/2} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} = 5.5 \text{ min}$$

$$c) \quad ME = z_{\alpha/2} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} = 1.960 \left(\frac{10}{\sqrt{50}} \right) \approx 2.8 \text{ min}$$

32. let $x = \text{temperature}$ and $y = \text{number of passengers}$

$$a) \text{ using the calculator: } r = 0.9984$$

$$b) \text{ using the calculator: } \hat{y} = 4.413 + 3.953x$$

$$c) \quad \text{slope} = 3.953 = \frac{3.953}{1} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

As the temperature increases by 1°F , the number of passengers increases by approximately 4.

$$d) \quad x = 45 \Rightarrow \hat{y} = 4.413 + 3.953(45) \approx 182$$

$$\begin{aligned} e) \quad \Delta y &= y - \hat{y} \\ &= 173 - 170 \\ &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$x = 42 \Rightarrow \hat{y} = 4.413 + 3.953(42) \approx 170$$

f) No, because 65 is outside the data set range
 $30 \leq x \leq 50$