

Math 193 – Test 3: Version A

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Name: Solution Set

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Total: 25 points

1. (4 points) Solve $y'' + 4y' + 4y = 0$ if $y(0) = 5$ and $y'(0) = 0$.

auxiliary equation:

$$m^2 + 4m + 4 = 0$$

$$(m + 2)^2 = 0$$

$$m = -2 \quad (\text{one repeated root})$$

①

$$y = (C_1 + C_2 x) e^{-2x}$$

①

at $x=0$, $y=5$:

$$5 = (C_1 + C_2 \cdot 0) e^0$$

$$5 = C_1$$

$$\text{so } y = (5 + C_2 x) e^{-2x}$$

$$y' = C_2 e^{-2x} - 2(5 + C_2 x) e^{-2x}$$

$$0 = C_2 - 2(5 + 0)$$

$$0 = C_2 - 10$$

$$C_2 = 10$$

②

$$y = (5 + 10x) e^{-2x}$$

2. (5 points) Solve $y'' - 2y' + 10y = 5x$.

complementary solution: $y'' - 2y' + 10y = 0$

$$m^2 - 2m + 10 = 0$$

$$m = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$= \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4 - 40}}{2} = \frac{2 \pm 6i}{2} = 1 \pm 3i$$

$= a \pm bi$

$$y_c = e^x (C_1 \cos 3x + C_2 \sin 3x)$$

particular solution:

$$\text{RHS} = 5x$$

$$y_p = Ax + B$$

$$y_p' = A$$

$$y_p'' = 0$$

$$y'' - 2y' + 10y = 5x$$

$$0 - 2A + 10(Ax + B) = 5x$$

$$10Ax + (-2A + 10B) = 5x$$

$$10A = 5$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}$$

and

$$-2A + 10B = 0$$

$$-1 + 10B = 0$$

$$B = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$y_p = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{10}$$

full:

$$y = y_c + y_p = e^x (C_1 \cos 3x + C_2 \sin 3x) + \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{10}$$

3. (5 points) Solve $y'' + 5y' + 4y = 6e^{-4x}$.

complementary : $y'' + 5y' + 4y = 0$

$$m^2 + 5m + 4 = 0$$

$$(m+1)(m+4) = 0$$

$$m = -1, -4$$

$$y_c = C_1 e^{-x} + C_2 e^{-4x}$$

particular.

RHS = $6e^{-4x}$ \leftarrow bad case!

$$y_p = Ax e^{-4x}$$

$$y_p' = Ae^{-4x} - 4Ax e^{-4x}$$

$$y_p'' = -4Ae^{-4x} - 4Ae^{-4x} + 16Ax e^{-4x}$$

$$= -8Ae^{-4x} + 16Ax e^{-4x}$$

so $y'' + 5y' + 4y = 6e^{-4x}$

$$(-8Ae^{-4x} + 16Ax e^{-4x}) + 5(Ae^{-4x} - 4Ax e^{-4x}) + 4Ax e^{-4x} = 6e^{-4x}$$

$$-8Ae^{-4x} + 16Ax e^{-4x} + 5Ae^{-4x} - 20Ax e^{-4x} + 4Ax e^{-4x} = 6e^{-4x}$$

$$-3Ae^{-4x} = 6e^{-4x}$$

$$-3A = 6$$

$$A = -2$$

$$y_p = -2x e^{-4x}$$

full:

$$y = y_c + y_p = C_1 e^{-x} + C_2 e^{-4x} - 2x e^{-4x}$$

4. (3 points) State the form of the particular solution y_p for the following. Leave your answer with undetermined coefficients. (This means "Write down your initial guess for y_p but don't bother to solve for the constants.") Please note that the complementary solution for the homogeneous equation is $y_c = C_1 + C_2 e^{6x}$.

(a) $y'' - 6y' = -5e^{3x}$

(b) $y'' - 6y' = 5$

(c) $y'' - 6y' = -3e^x \cos 2x$

$$y_p = A e^{3x}$$

$$y_p = Ax$$

$$y_p = A e^x \cos 2x + B e^x \sin 2x$$

5. (3 points) Write down the DE and the initial conditions for the following system.

A 7 kg mass is attached to a spring with spring constant 2.5 N/m. There is a damping force equal to 2 times the velocity, as well as an external force $F(t) = 4 \cos 2t$. The mass is initially 0.15 m above the equilibrium position with an downwards velocity of 0.10 m/s.

DO NOT SOLVE THE DE!

$$m = 7$$

$$k = 2.5$$

$$F_{\text{ext}} = 4 \cos 2t$$

$$b = 2$$

$$m \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + b \frac{dx}{dt} + kx = F_{\text{ext}}$$

$$7 \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 2 \frac{dx}{dt} + 2.5x = 4 \cos 2t$$

$$\text{at } t = 0, \quad x = 0.15$$

$$t = 0, \quad \frac{dx}{dt} = -0.10$$

6. (5 points) Consider the following population of starting salaries in a graduating class of 40 students:

salary	frequency
\$45,000	3
\$50,000	5
\$55,000	10
\$60,000	15
\$65,000	5
\$70,000	1
\$175,000	1

- (a) Find the mean salary.

$$\mu = \frac{\sum x}{n} = \frac{45 \cdot 3 + 50 \cdot 5 + 55 \cdot 10 + 60 \cdot 15 + 65 \cdot 5 + 70 \cdot 1 + 175 \cdot 1}{40}$$

= 60.125 i thousands of dollars

= \$60125 (okay to round to \$60100)

- (b) Find the median salary.

$$\frac{n+1}{2} = \frac{40+1}{2} = 20.5 \quad \text{so average of } 20^{\text{th}} \text{ and } 21^{\text{st}} \text{ point}$$

they are both \$60,000

median = \$60000

- (c) After 2 years, each person's salary is increased by \$10,000. How does the new standard deviation compare to the initial standard deviation?

std dev is the same

(if all data points shift by same amount, spread of data is unchanged)