

Math173 – Supplement to Section 7.3

1. Change the following complex numbers to the form $re^{i\theta}$.

- a) -7
- b) $6i$
- c) $4 - 3i$
- d) $\sqrt{2} + i\sqrt{2}$
- e) $12\left(\cos\frac{3\pi}{2} + i\sin\frac{3\pi}{2}\right)$

2. Change the following complex numbers to the form $a+bi$.

- a) $5e^{i\pi}$
- b) $12e^{-i\frac{\pi}{3}}$
- c) $2e^{i\frac{\pi}{2}}$

3. Multiply or divide the following complex numbers.

- a) $(5e^{i\pi})(3e^{i\pi})$
- b) $\left(12e^{-i\frac{\pi}{3}}\right)\left(4e^{i\frac{\pi}{2}}\right)$
- c) $(\sqrt{2} + i\sqrt{2})(1 - i\sqrt{3})$
- d) $\left(12e^{-i\frac{\pi}{3}}\right) \div \left(4e^{i\frac{\pi}{2}}\right)$
- e) $\frac{(\sqrt{2} + i\sqrt{2})}{(1 - i\sqrt{3})}$

4. Raise the following complex numbers to the given power and simplify. Write your answer in the form $a+bi$.

- a) $(5e^{i\pi})^4$
- b) $\left(12e^{-i\frac{\pi}{3}}\right)^9$
- c) $\left(2e^{i\frac{\pi}{2}}\right)^7$
- d) $(\sqrt{2} + i\sqrt{2})^8$

5. Find the fourth roots of the following numbers. Do so by changing them into the form $re^{i\theta}$ and using the laws of exponents and DeMoivre's theorem. Leave your answer in the form $re^{i\theta}$.
- i
 - $(\sqrt{2} + i\sqrt{2})$
 - -16
 - $1 - i\sqrt{3}$

Solutions

- $r=7, \theta=180^\circ$ or π , so answer is $7e^{i\pi}$ (or any other angle coterminal with π)
 - $r=6, \theta=90^\circ$, so answer is $6e^{i\frac{\pi}{2}}$ (or any other coterminal angle)
 - $r=5, \theta = -37^\circ$ (or -0.64 rads), so answer is $5e^{-0.64i}$
 - $r=2, \theta=45^\circ$ or $\pi/4$, so answer is $2e^{i\frac{\pi}{4}}$
 - $r=12, \theta=\frac{3\pi}{2}$, so answer is $12e^{i\frac{3\pi}{2}}$
- $5e^{i\pi} = 5\cos\pi + 5i\sin\pi = 5(-1) + 5i(0) = -5$
 - $6 - 6i\sqrt{3}$
 - $2i$
- $(5e^{i\pi})(3e^{i\pi}) = 15e^{i2\pi} = 15$
 - $\left(12e^{-i\frac{\pi}{3}}\right)\left(4e^{i\frac{\pi}{2}}\right) = 48e^{i\left(-\frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} = 48e^{i\frac{\pi}{6}}$
 - $(\sqrt{2} + i\sqrt{2})(1 - i\sqrt{3}) = (2e^{i\pi/4})(2e^{-i\pi/3}) = 4e^{i\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{3}\right)} = 4e^{-i\left(\frac{\pi}{12}\right)}$
 - $\left(12e^{-i\frac{\pi}{3}}\right) \div \left(4e^{i\frac{\pi}{2}}\right) = 3e^{i\left(-\frac{\pi}{3} - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} = 3e^{-i\frac{5\pi}{6}}$
 - $\frac{(\sqrt{2} + i\sqrt{2})}{(1 - i\sqrt{3})} = \frac{(2e^{i\pi/4})}{(2e^{-i\pi/3})} = 1e^{i\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{3}\right)} = 1e^{i\left(\frac{7\pi}{12}\right)}$

$$4. \text{ a) } (5e^{i\pi})^4 = 625e^{i4\pi} = 625$$

$$\text{b) } \left(12e^{-i\frac{\pi}{3}}\right)^9 = 12^9 e^{-i3\pi} = -12^9$$

$$\text{c) } \left(2e^{i\frac{\pi}{2}}\right)^7 = 128e^{i\frac{7\pi}{2}} = -128i$$

$$\text{d) } (\sqrt{2} + i\sqrt{2})^8 = \left(2e^{i\frac{\pi}{4}}\right)^8 = 256e^{i2\pi} = 256$$

$$5. \text{ a) } i^{1/4} = \left(1e^{i\frac{\pi}{2}}\right)^{1/4} = 1e^{i\left(\frac{\pi}{8} + \frac{2k\pi}{4}\right)} \quad (k = 0, 1, 2, 3)$$

$$= 1e^{i\frac{\pi}{8}} \quad (k = 0)$$

$$= 1e^{i\left(\frac{\pi}{8} + \frac{2\pi}{4}\right)} = 1e^{i\left(\frac{5\pi}{8}\right)} \quad (k = 1)$$

$$= 1e^{i\left(\frac{\pi}{8} + \frac{4\pi}{4}\right)} = 1e^{i\left(\frac{9\pi}{8}\right)} \quad (k = 2)$$

$$= 1e^{i\left(\frac{\pi}{8} + \frac{6\pi}{4}\right)} = 1e^{i\left(\frac{13\pi}{8}\right)} \quad (k = 3)$$

$$= 1e^{i\frac{\pi}{8}}, 1e^{i\left(\frac{5\pi}{8}\right)}, 1e^{i\left(\frac{9\pi}{8}\right)}, 1e^{i\left(\frac{13\pi}{8}\right)}$$

$$\text{b) } (\sqrt{2} + i\sqrt{2})^{1/4} = \left(2e^{i\frac{\pi}{4}}\right)^{1/4} = 2^{1/4} e^{i\left(\frac{\pi}{16} + \frac{2k\pi}{4}\right)} \quad (k = 0, 1, 2, 3)$$

$$= 2^{1/4} e^{i\frac{\pi}{16}} \quad (k = 0)$$

$$= 2^{1/4} e^{i\left(\frac{\pi}{16} + \frac{2\pi}{4}\right)} = 2^{1/4} e^{i\left(\frac{9\pi}{16}\right)} \quad (k = 1)$$

$$= 2^{1/4} e^{i\left(\frac{\pi}{16} + \frac{4\pi}{4}\right)} = 2^{1/4} e^{i\left(\frac{17\pi}{16}\right)} \quad (k = 2)$$

$$= 2^{1/4} e^{i\left(\frac{\pi}{16} + \frac{6\pi}{4}\right)} = 2^{1/4} e^{i\left(\frac{25\pi}{16}\right)} \quad (k = 3)$$

$$= 2^{1/4} e^{i\frac{\pi}{16}}, 2^{1/4} e^{i\left(\frac{9\pi}{16}\right)}, 2^{1/4} e^{i\left(\frac{17\pi}{16}\right)}, 2^{1/4} e^{i\left(\frac{25\pi}{16}\right)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{c) } (-16)^{1/4} &= (2^4 e^{i\pi})^{1/4} = 2e^{i\left(\frac{\pi+2k\pi}{4}\right)} (k=0,1,2,3) \\
 &= 2e^{i\frac{\pi}{4}} (k=0) \\
 &= 2e^{i\left(\frac{\pi+2\pi}{4}\right)} = 2e^{i\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)} (k=1) \\
 &= 2e^{i\left(\frac{\pi+4\pi}{4}\right)} = 2e^{i\left(\frac{5\pi}{4}\right)} (k=2) \\
 &= 2e^{i\left(\frac{\pi+6\pi}{4}\right)} = 2e^{i\left(\frac{7\pi}{4}\right)} (k=3) \\
 &= 2e^{i\frac{\pi}{4}}, 2e^{i\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)}, 2e^{i\left(\frac{5\pi}{4}\right)}, 2e^{i\left(\frac{7\pi}{4}\right)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{d) } (1-i\sqrt{3})^{1/4} &= \left(2e^{-i\frac{\pi}{3}}\right)^{1/4} = 2^{1/4} e^{i\left(\frac{-\pi+2k\pi}{4}\right)} (k=0,1,2,3) \\
 &= 2^{1/4} e^{-i\frac{\pi}{12}} (k=0) \\
 &= 2^{1/4} e^{i\left(\frac{-\pi+2\pi}{4}\right)} = 2^{1/4} e^{i\left(\frac{5\pi}{12}\right)} (k=1) \\
 &= 2^{1/4} e^{i\left(\frac{-\pi+4\pi}{4}\right)} = 2^{1/4} e^{i\left(\frac{11\pi}{12}\right)} (k=2) \\
 &= 2^{1/4} e^{i\left(\frac{-\pi+6\pi}{4}\right)} = 2^{1/4} e^{i\left(\frac{17\pi}{12}\right)} (k=3) \\
 &= 2^{1/4} e^{-i\frac{\pi}{12}}, 2^{1/4} e^{i\left(\frac{5\pi}{12}\right)}, 2^{1/4} e^{i\left(\frac{11\pi}{12}\right)}, 2^{1/4} e^{i\left(\frac{17\pi}{12}\right)}
 \end{aligned}$$