

Review for Test 2:

Thursday, March 5, 2020 11:22 AM

Chapter 4: 2^{nd} order linear DEs (and higher order)

$$\textcircled{1} \quad y'' + P(x)y' + Q(x)y = 0$$

when y_1 is known

$$\text{find } y_2 = y_1 \int \frac{e^{-\int P(x) dx}}{y_1^2} dx$$

note: DE must be in std form with
no coeffs on y'' term to get
correct $P(x)$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \underbrace{a y'' + b y' + c y}_{\text{solve homogeneous first}} = g(x) \quad \text{constant coeffs}$$

$am^2 + bm + c = 0$
and write y_c

if $g(x) = 0$, $y = y_c$

if $g(x) =$ polynomial,
exponential,
sine/cosine, or
product of these

MUC - guess y_p , then
calculate coeffs
watch for "bad case"

otherwise, use variation of parameters

$$(3) \quad ax^2 y'' + bx y' + cy = g(x)$$

Cauchy-Euler

solve homogeneous first
 $am(m-1) + bm + c = 0$
and write y_c

if $g(x) = 0$, $y = y_c$

if $g(x) \neq 0$, use var of parameters

2 distinct real,
1 repeated real
complex

$$y_c = C_1 x^{m_1} + C_2 x^{m_2}$$
$$y_c = C_1 x^m + C_2 x^m \ln x$$

on formula sheet

GRAPHS

variation of parameters:

$$y'' + P(x) y' + Q(x) y = f(x)$$

note: must be in std form to get $f(x)$ right

then write W_s , and integrate to get u_1 and u_2

$$y_p = u_1 y_1 + u_2 y_2$$

Chapter 5: Linear Models

$$m \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} + b \frac{dy}{dt} + ky = F_{ext}$$

↑

if no damping, $b = 0$

$$\text{get } n = \pm i \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} = \pm i\omega$$

$$y_c = C_1 \cos \omega t + C_2 \sin \omega t$$

- could rewrite as $A \sin(\omega t + \phi)$

$$\text{where } A = \sqrt{C_1^2 + C_2^2}, \quad \tan \phi = \frac{C_1}{C_2}$$

\uparrow amplitude \uparrow $\phi = \text{phase shift}$

$$\text{period} = \frac{2\pi}{\omega}$$

if damping, get

$$\text{aux eqn: } mn^2 + bn + k = 0$$

overdamped

$$y_c = C_1 e^{n_1 t} + C_2 e^{n_2 t}$$

critically damped

$$y_c = (C_1 + C_2 t) e^{n t}$$

underdamped

$$y_c = e^{\alpha t} (C_1 \cos \beta t + C_2 \sin \beta t)$$

if external force, use MUC
method of undetermined coeffs