

Math 252 – Quiz #4

June 10, 2011

Name: Solution Set.

Instructor: Patricia Wrean

Total: 25 points

1. Evaluate the following.

(10 points)
4

a) $\mathcal{L}\{t^3 e^{7t}\}$

$$\mathcal{L}\{t^3\} = \frac{3!}{s^4} \quad \text{and } e^{7t} \text{ makes } s \rightarrow s-7$$

so $\mathcal{L}\{t^3 e^{7t}\} = \frac{3!}{(s-7)^4}$

(2)

b) $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{e^{-2s}}{s-3}\right\}$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s-3}\right\} = e^{3t} \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s}\right\} = e^{3t}$$

$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{e^{-2s}}{s-3}\right\} = e^{3(t-2)} u(t-2)$

(2)

2. Evaluate.

(5 points)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } \mathcal{L}\{t(1-e^{3t})^2\} &= \mathcal{L}\{t(1-2e^{3t}+e^{6t})\} \\ &= \frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{2}{(s-3)^2} + \frac{1}{(s-6)^2} \end{aligned}$$

if set $\frac{1}{s} \left(\frac{1}{s} - \frac{2}{s-3} + \frac{1}{s-6} \right)$, (-1)
 $(-1) \frac{d}{ds} P(s)$, (-2)

b) $\mathcal{L}\{te^{2t} \cos 4t\}$

$$\mathcal{L}\{t \cos 4t\} = \frac{s^2 - 16}{(s^2 + 16)^2}$$

so $\mathcal{L}\{e^{2t} t \cos 4t\} = \frac{(s-2)^2 - 16}{((s-2)^2 + 16)^2}$

if you insist,

$$= \frac{s^2 - 4s - 12}{(s^2 - 4s + 20)^2}$$

(2)

(3)

3. Evaluate.

(4 points)

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s}{(s+3)(s^2+9)} \right\}$$

partial fractions:

$$\frac{s}{(s+3)(s^2+9)} = \frac{A}{s+3} + \frac{Bs+C}{s^2+9}$$

coverup: $A = \frac{-3}{18} = -\frac{1}{6}$

could also say
 $s = A(s^2+9) + (Bs+C)(s+3)$
 when $s=0$
 $0 = 9A + 3C$ so $C = -3A = \frac{1}{2}$
 when $s=1$
 $1 = 10A + 4B + 4C$
 \downarrow
 $4B = 1 + \frac{10}{6} - 2 = \frac{4}{6}$ so $B = \frac{1}{6}$

$$B(3i) + C = \frac{3i}{3i+3} = \frac{i}{i+1} \left(\frac{i-1}{i-1} \right)$$

$$= \frac{i^2 - i}{i^2 - 1}$$

$$3Bi + C = \frac{-1-i}{-2} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}$$

so $3Bi = \frac{i}{2}$ and $C = \frac{1}{2}$
 $B = \frac{1}{6}$

so

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s}{(s+3)(s^2+9)} \right\} = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ -\frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{s+3} + \frac{1}{6} \frac{s}{s^2+9} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{s^2+9} \right\}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{6} e^{-3t} + \frac{1}{6} \cos 3t + \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{6} \frac{3}{s^2+9} \right\}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{6} e^{-3t} + \frac{1}{6} \cos 3t + \frac{1}{6} \sin 3t$$

4. Use Laplace transforms to solve the following IVP.

(6 points)

$$y'' + 4y = \cos 2t + 4 \sin 2t$$

for $y(0) = 1$ and $y'(0) = 6$

$$s^2 Y(s) - sy(0) - y'(0) + 4Y(s) = \frac{s}{s^2+4} + 4 \cdot \frac{2}{s^2+4}$$

$$(s^2+4)Y(s) - s - 6 = \frac{s}{s^2+4} + \frac{8}{s^2+4}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{s}{s^2+4} + \frac{6}{s^2+4} + \frac{s}{(s^2+4)^2} + \frac{8}{(s^2+4)^2}$$

$$= \frac{s}{s^2+4} + 3 \cdot \frac{2}{s^2+4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{4s}{(s^2+4)^2} + 8 \frac{1}{(s^2+4)^2}$$

$$y(t) = \cos 2t + 3 \sin 2t + \frac{1}{4} t \sin 2t + 8 \left(\frac{\sin 2t - 2t \cos 2t}{16} \right)$$

$$= \cos 2t + 3 \sin 2t + \frac{1}{4} t \sin 2t + \frac{1}{2} \sin 2t - t \cos 2t$$

$$y(t) = \cos 2t + \frac{7}{2} \sin 2t - t \cos 2t + \frac{1}{4} t \sin 2t$$

5. Consider the following IVP, where $y(0) = 0$.

(7 points)

$$y' + 3y = f(t), \text{ where } f(t) = \begin{cases} 12, & 0 \leq t < 2 \\ 0, & 2 \leq t < 4 \\ 12, & t \geq 4 \end{cases}$$

a) Solve this DE.

b) Calculate the value of $y(t)$ for $t = 3$.

a)

$$sY(s) - y(0) + 3Y(s) = \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{now } f(t) &= 12 [1 - u(t-2)] + 12 u(t-4) \\ &= 12 - 12u(t-2) + 12u(t-4) \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{f(t)\} = \frac{12}{s} - \frac{12e^{-2s}}{s} + \frac{12e^{-4s}}{s}$$

$$\text{so } (s+3)Y(s) = \frac{12}{s} [1 - e^{-2s} + e^{-4s}]$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{12}{s(s+3)} [1 - e^{-2s} + e^{-4s}]$$

partial fractions:

$$\frac{12}{s(s+3)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s+3}$$

where, using coverup, $A = \frac{12}{3} = 4$ and $B = \frac{12}{-3} = -4$

$$Y(s) = \left(\frac{4}{s} - \frac{4}{s+3} \right) [1 - e^{-2s} + e^{-4s}]$$

$$\text{now } \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{ \frac{4}{s} - \frac{4}{s+3} \right\} = 4 - 4e^{-3t}$$

$$\text{so } y(t) = 4 - 4e^{-3t} - (4 - 4e^{-3(t-2)})u(t-2) + (4 - 4e^{-3(t-4)})u(t-4)$$

$$\text{b) at } t=3 \quad y(3) = 4 - 4e^{-3(3)} - (4 - 4e^{-3})u(1) + (4 - 4e^{-3(-1)})u(0)$$

$$\text{so } y(3) = 4e^{-3} - 4e^{-9} \approx 0.198655 \quad \text{if you insist} \\ \approx 0.20$$